Joint Programme Geothermal - European Energy Research Alliance



Inga Berre

Coordinator, Joint Programme Geothermal Professor, Department of Mathematics, University of Bergen Scientific Advisor, NORCE

EERA The most influential energy research community in the EU & globally



EERA's mission

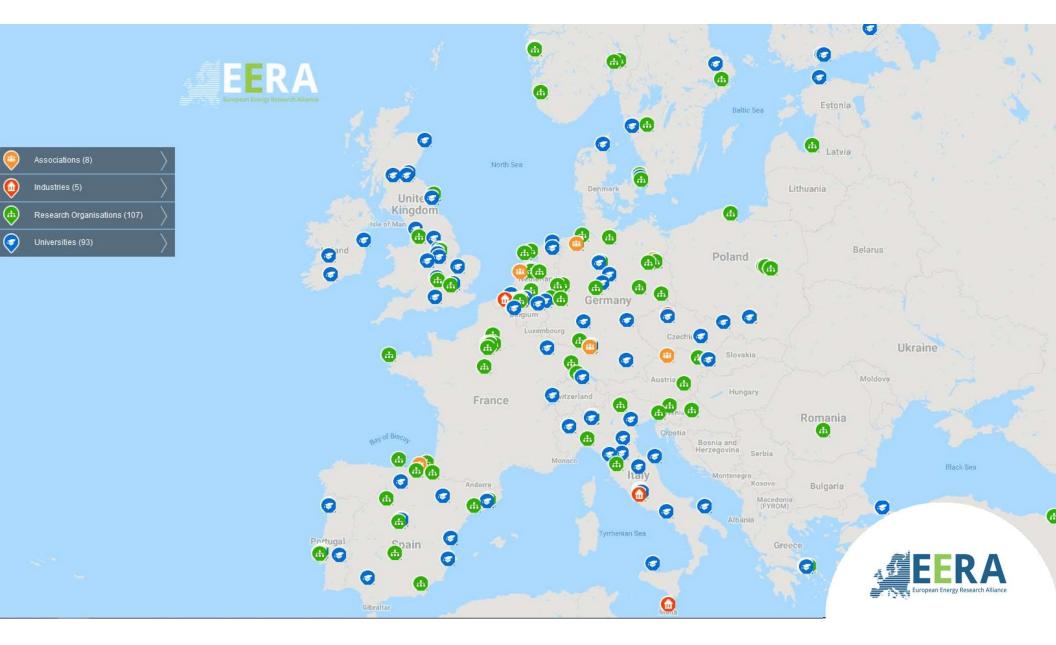
Catalysing European energy research to achieve a climate-neutral society by 2050

- EERA undertakes integration and knowledge transfer among European energy research stakeholders to increase efficiency in R&I and create a momentum larger than the sum of the individual stakeholders
- EERA deliver research results from basic research to the demonstration phase (TRLs 2 to 5) and ensure efficient transfer to industry and market
- EERA is an integrated part of the European energy R&I ecosystem
- EERA advise EU and MS/AC on long-term decarbonisation scenarios and R&I investment priorities

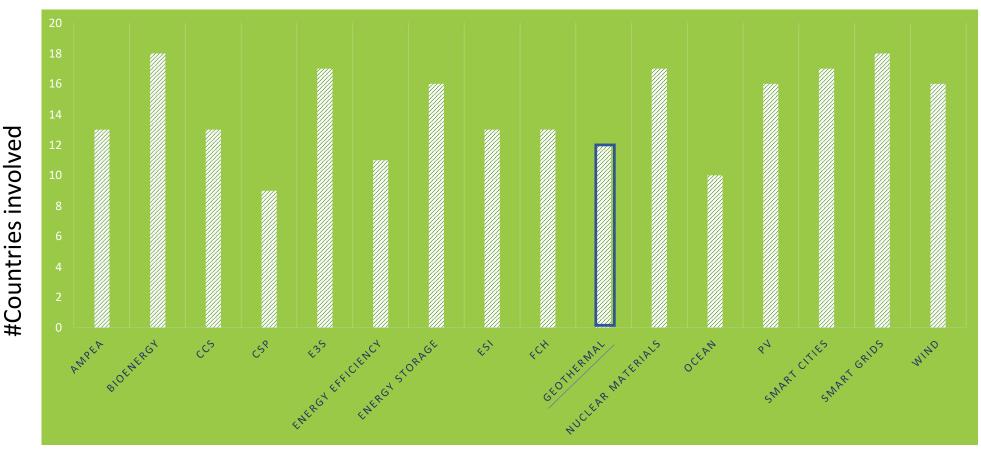


mission





MS/AC subscription in EERA Joint Programmes



EERA Joint Programmes



European Energy Research Alliance Joint Programme Geothermal

- established in 2010
- 29 Participants, 7 Associate Participants
- common endavour to coordinate geothermal energy research across Europe
- approximately 40% of European research capacity

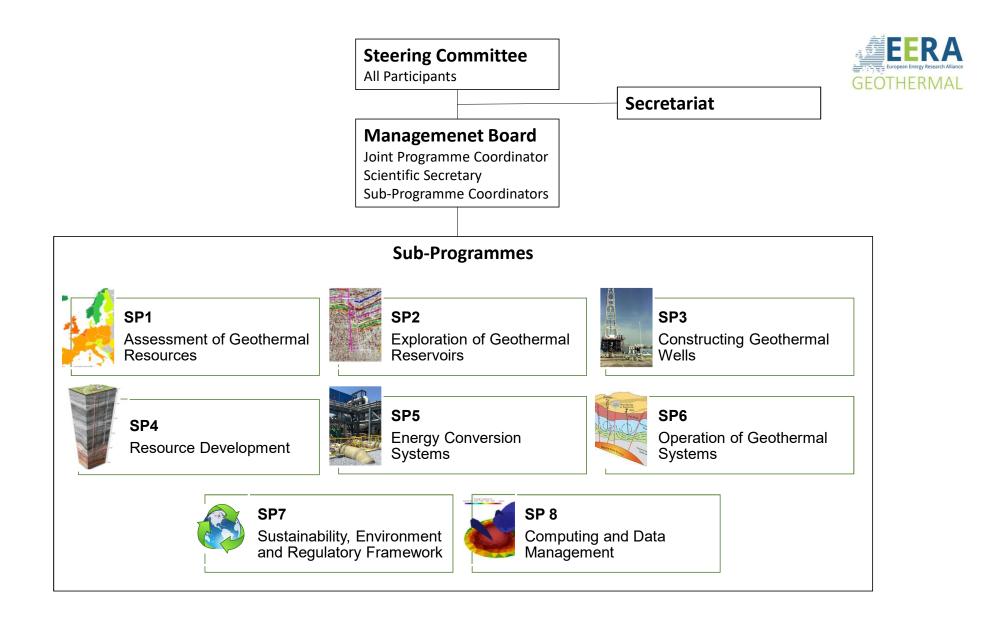
| 1 | Austrian Institute of Technology |
|----|---|
| 2 | Centre for Renewable Energy Sources and Saving |
| 3 | Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne |
| 4 | French geological survey |
| 5 | Helmholtz Association (HGF) |
| 6 | Helmholtz Centre Potsdam - GFZ German Research Centre for Geosciences |
| 7 | Iceland GeoSurvey |
| 8 | Institute for Energy Technology |
| 9 | Instituto Nazionale di Oceanografia e di Geofisica Sperimentale |
| 10 | International Geothermal Centre |
| 11 | Italian Institute for Geophysics and Volcanology |
| 12 | Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development |
| 13 | Italian National Research Council |
| 14 | Karlsruher Institut für Technologie |
| 15 | National Laboratory for Energy and Geology |
| 16 | Natural Environment Research Council/ British Geological Survey |
| 17 | Netherlands Energy Research Alliance |
| 18 | NORCE -Norwegian Research Centre |
| 19 | Politechnic di Torino |
| 20 | Politecnico di Milano |
| 21 | RWTH Aachen University |
| 22 | Sant'Anna School of Advanced Studies |
| 23 | Sapienza University of Rome |
| 24 | SINTEF |
| 25 | Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Zurich |
| 26 | Technische Universität Darmstadt, Department of Geothermal Science and Technology |
| 27 | The Belgian Research Alliance |
| 28 | The Netherlands Organisation for applied scientific research |
| 29 | University of Bari Aldo Moro |
| 30 | University of Bayreuth |
| 31 | University of Bergen |
| 32 | University of Florence |
| 33 | University of Lorraine |
| 34 | University of Strasbourg |
| 35 | University of Turin |
| 36 | University of Utrecht |



EERA Geothermal provides research to

- expand the type, number and size of geothermal resources suitable for increasing power and heat generation,
- improve efficiency, sustainability and flexibility in production of geothermal resources and
- **improve integration** of geothermal heat and power in the energy system.







Joint Programme Management Board



Coordinator/Chair Inga Berre University of Bergen



Scientific Secretary David Bruhn

GFZ/TU Delft



Programme Officer Charlotte Krafft NORCE



Programme Officer Justyna Ellis GFZ



SP1 Assessment of Geothermal Resources



Jan Diedrik van Wees

TNO

SP2 Exploration of SP3 Constructing Geothermal **Geothermal Wells** Reservoirs



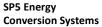
Erlend Randeberg

NORCE

SP4 Resource Development

Martin Saar

ETH Zürich



Paola Bombarda

Politecnico di Milano







Geothermal Systems



Scuola Superiore Technology Sant'Anna



Environment and

Franscesco Rizzi

Regulatory Framework



SP 8 Computing and **Data Management**

| Florian | Wel | Imann |
|---------|-----|-------|

RWTH Aachen University

Philippe Calcagno

BRGM



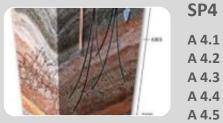
- Assessment of Geothermal Resources
- .1 Interdisciplinary 3D geothermal knowledge
- .2 Performance estimates
- .3 Implementation of European Geothermal Information System/Platform



- 2 Exploration of Geothermal Reservoirs
- .1 Conceptual models
- .2 Imaging
- A 2.3 Natural laboratories

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| Α |
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- **Construction of Geothermal Wells**
- 3.1 Improvement of conventional drilling and horizontal drilling for geothermal scenarios
- 3.2 Development of novel drilling methods
- 3.3 Development of novel well completion/logging concept



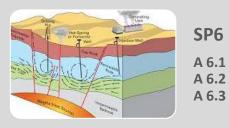
- Reservoir Development
- **1** Hydraulic, Thermal and/or Chemical Stimulation
- **Effect of engineering operations in superheated and supercritical water systems**
- 4.3 Induced microseismicity
- 4.4 Alternative engineered geothermal systems
- 4.5 Numerical Simulators





Energy Conversion Systems

- Component improvement
- Underground thermal energy storage
- S System and network integration, modelling and optimization



Operation of Geothermal Systems

- Sustainability of reservoir and environmental risk
- 2 Longevity of materials
- 3 Socio-economics



Sustainability, Environment and Regulatory Framework

- 1 Business models.
- .2 Socio-economic and environmental evaluations
- 3 Social acceptance

SP8 A 8.1 A 8.2 A 8.3 A 8.4

Computing and Data Management

- Sustainable data management
- 2 Data Science in Geothermal Energy applications
- Numerical simulation, parameter estimation and inversion
- Geothermal HPC

Integration and coordination

- Applications for joint research projects
- Pilar of SET-plan; contributes to SET Plan Implementation Plan Deep Geothermal
- Stakeholder in SET-Plan Implementation Working Group Deep Geothermal (IWG DG)
- Contributes to Support Unit of IWG DG
- Stakeholder in European Technology and Innovation Platform Deep Geothermal (ETIP-DG)
- Stakeholder in initiative for EU-Africa collaboration

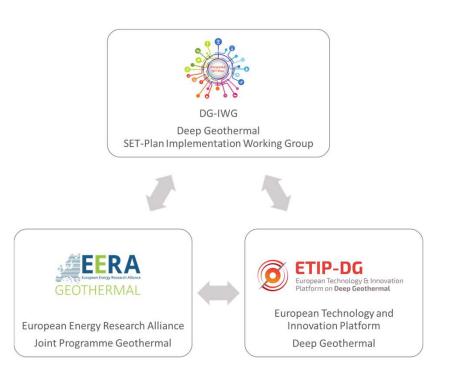
Knowledge sharing

- Dissemination and communication (newsletters, web, etc.)
- Annual meeting (this year 27-28 May in Bochum)
- Co-organizer of the annual European Geothermal Workshop (this year 9-10 October in Karlsruhe)
- EERA workshop (this year 8 October)

Sharing of facilities

• Infrastructure map







HTTPS://SETIS.EC.EUROPA.EU/SYSTEM/FILES/SETPLAN_GEOTH_IP.PDF

Deep Geothermal Implementation Plan - Targets of the Declaration of Intents





JPGE adapts the DGIP Targets of the Declaration of Intents (DOI):

- Increase reservoir performance* resulting in power demand of reservoir pumps to below 10% of gross energy generation and in sustainable yield predicted for at least 30 years by 2030;
- Improve the overall conversion efficiency, including bottoming cycle, of geothermal installations at different thermodynamic conditions by 10% in 2030 and 20% in 2050;
- Reduce production costs of geothermal energy (including from unconventional resources, EGS, and/or from hybrid solutions which couple geothermal with other renewable energy sources) below 10 €ct/kWhel for electricity and 5 €ct/kWhth for heat by 2025**;
- Reduce the exploration costs by 25% in 2025, and by 50% in 2050 compared to 2015;
- Reduce the unit cost of drilling (€/MWh) by 15% in 2020, 30% in 2030 and by 50% in 2050 compared to 2015;
- Demonstrate the technical and economic feasibility of responding to commands from a grid operator, at any time, to increase or decrease output ramp up and down from 60% -110% of nominal power.





SET-Plan Deep Geothermal R&I Activities:

- 1. Geothermal heat in urban areas (TRL 7-9)
- 2. Materials, methods and equipment to improve operational availability (TRL Equipment 5-9, TRL Materials 4-6) high temp., corrosion, scaling
- 3. Enhancement of conventional reservoirs and deployment of unconventional reservoirs (TRL 4-8)
- 4. Improvement of performance (TRL 5-8) conversion to electricity and direct use of heat
- 5. Exploration techniques (TRL 5-8) including resource prediction and exploratory drilling
- 6. Advanced drilling/well completion techniques (TRL 3-7)
- 7. Integration of geothermal heat and power in the energy system and grid flexibility (TRL 4-9)
- 8. Zero emissions power plants (TRL 5-7)

GEOTHERMAL

EERA Geothermal Sub-Programmes:

SP1 Assessment of Geothermal Resources -> R&I 1 / 3 / 5

SP2 Exploration of Geothermal Reservoirs -> R&I 3/5

SP3 Constructing Geothermal Wells -> R&I 6

SP4 Resource Development -> R&I 3

SP5 Energy Conversion Systems -> R&I 1 / 2 / 4 / 7 / 8

SP6 Operation of Geothermal Systems -> R&I 7

SP7 Sustainability, Environment and Regulatory Framework

-> Cross cutting

SP8 Computing and Data Management -> Cross cutting





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EERA Geothermal Sub-Programmes:

SP1 Assessment of Geothermal Resources -> R&I 1 / 3 / 5

SP2 Exploration of Geothermal Reservoirs -> R&I 3/5

SP3 Constructing Geothermal Wells -> R&I 6

SP4 Resource Development -> R&I 3

SP5 Energy Conversion Systems -> R&I 1 / 2 / 4 / 7 / 8

SP6 Operation of Geothermal Systems -> R&I 7

SP7 Sustainability, Environment and Regulatory Framework

-> Cross cutting

SP8 Computing and Data Management -> Cross cutting



EERA Geothermal Contributions to the SET Plan Implementation Plan Deep Geothermal

| SET Plan - Implementation Plan Deep Geothermal R&I Activities | # Annual EERA Geothermal person months |
|--|--|
| Geothermal heat in urban areas | 346 |
| Materials, methods and equipment to improve operational availability (high temperatures, corrosion, scaling) | 240 |
| Enhancement of conventional reservoirs and deployment of unconventional reservoirs | 410 |
| Improvement of performance (conversion to electricity and direct use of heat) | 203 |
| Exploration techniques (including resource prediction and exploratory drilling) | 469 |
| Advanced drilling/well completion techniques | 319 |
| Integration of geothermal heat and power in the energy system and grid flexibility | 216 |
| Zero emissions power plants | 32 |



Implementation Working Group Deep Geothermal



Support Unit for the Deep Geothermal Implementation Working Group (DG-IWG)

Project granted (EC Coordination and support action), start Q1 2019

Aims at

- Helping to promote geothermal RD&I priorities presented in the ten IP fiches, with strategies, RD&I investment decisions and programmes
- To establish the framework conditions for a long-term effective cooperation among industry, research and public authorities interested in the European energy and climate change policy, with focus on deep geothermal technologies for heating and cooling and for electricity





SU-DG-IWG WPs

WP1 Coordination and management (OS)

WP2 Member states input (DGEG)

WP3 Research Community Input (KIT[EERA Geothemal])

- Identify relevant ongoing national and European research actions supporting the implementation of the Deep Geothermal IPs RD&I actions by universities and research organisations.
- Investigate and promote cross-cutting RD&I actions between different IPWGs and other relevant research initiatives (Mission Innovation Challenge, FET-Flagships).
- Explore and implement supporting measures to enhance the knowledge transfer to industry.

WP4 Industry Input (EGEC)

WP5 Communication and dissemination (EGEC)

WP6 Monitoring (EGEC)

WP7 Synergies, Strategy Support (GEORG/RVO)



SU-DG-IWG WP3 Research Community Input

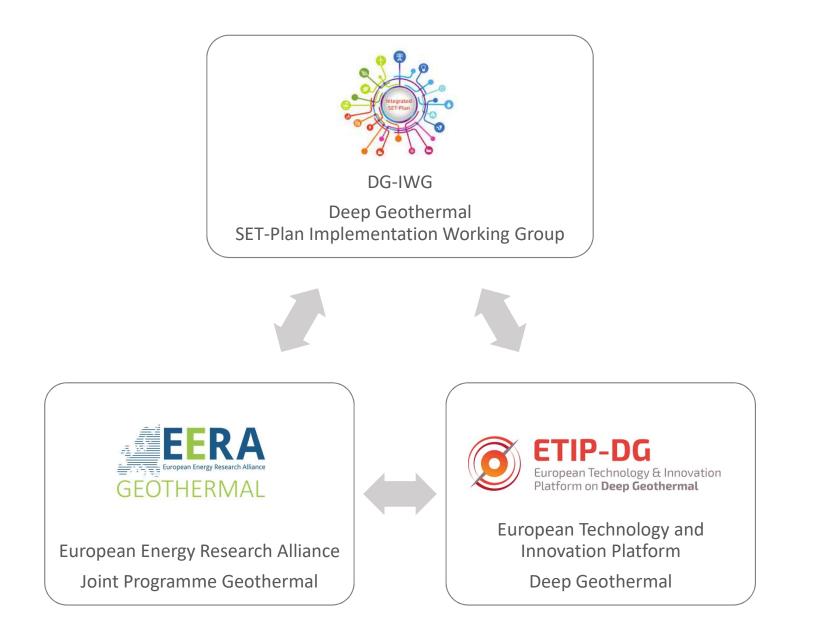
Coordinator: KIT (EERA JPGE) Contributors: EGEC (ETIP), FRCT

Tasks

- T3.1: Inventory of National and European Public Research in view of its effective mobilisation for researchers (Month 1 to 35)
- T3.2: Mobilisation of Public Resources towards the execution of the 8 RD&Is of the IP by researchers (Month 1 to 36)
- T3.3: Promote cross-thematic and inter-disciplinary activities (Month 1 to 32)
- **T3.4:** Research-Industry Knowledge Transfer (Month 1 to 34)

Workshop with EERA Geothermal 8 October at KIT.







Contact us

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